

Polysulphate 

**Trial**



**S**

48%  $\text{SO}_3$   
(19.2% S)

**K**

14%  $\text{K}_2\text{O}$   
(11.6% K)

**Mg**

6%  $\text{MgO}$   
(3.6% Mg)

**Ca**

17%  $\text{CaO}$   
(12.2% Ca)

## **Kiwifruit (*Actinidia deliciosa*) on sandy loam soil**

Polysulphate fertilizer is a soluble, easily-absorbed, cost effective answer to crop nutrition, containing four key plant nutrients: sulphur, potassium, magnesium and calcium



Polysulphate 



## When

2019 (on plants 8 years after grafting)



## Where

Xi'an City, Shaanxi Province, China



## Crop

Kiwifruit (*Actinidia deliciosa*) cultivar 'Xu Xiang'



## Soil type

Sandy loam



## Measurements

- Total yield
- Commercial yield

Mined in the UK, ICL is the first – and only – producer in the world to mine polyhalite, marketed as Polysulphate.

For more information consult [www.polysulphate.com/contact](http://www.polysulphate.com/contact) for your contact in your region.

[www.polysulphate.com](http://www.polysulphate.com)

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**Polysulphate**

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**Fertilizerplus**  
Premium plant nutrition from ICL Fertilizers

## Objective

To evaluate the effects of Polysulphate and MegaPoly<sup>1</sup> on kiwifruit yield and quality, and to determine appropriate application doses and timing for these fertilizers for the kiwifruit production system in Shaanxi Province, China.

## Treatments

The experiment was designed in random blocks with 3 replicates (14 plants per replicate). Fertilizers were applied twice during the growing season.

At budding (in early April) all treatments received compound NPK fertilizer (25:5:5) at 750 kg/ha. Polysulphate was applied at 0, 375 and 750 kg/ha to the control, T<sub>1</sub>-T<sub>4</sub>, and T<sub>5</sub>-T<sub>6</sub> treatments, respectively.

At fruit enlargement (July) a second dose of compound NPK fertilizer (20:5:15) was applied at 750 kg/ha to the control, T<sub>1</sub>-T<sub>3</sub>, and T<sub>6</sub> treatments, and 450 kg/ha to T<sub>4</sub>-T<sub>5</sub>. Additionally, K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> was applied to the control and T<sub>1</sub> at 300 kg/ha K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and MegaPoly was applied at 600 kg/ha to T<sub>3</sub> and 300 kg/ha to T<sub>2</sub> and T<sub>4</sub>-T<sub>6</sub>.

## Results

- Treatment T<sub>2</sub> (375 kg/ha Polysulphate and 300 kg/ha MegaPoly) displayed the highest commercial yield (3 times higher than the control).
- Economic analysis of commercial-grade yields showed that T<sub>2</sub> gave the highest profit for the farmer (2.6 times more profit than the control without Polysulphate and MegaPoly applications).
- Application of Polysulphate at budding and MegaPoly at fruit enlargement demonstrated remarkable potential to enhance kiwifruit yield and quality.

Control = 750NPK+300SOP

T<sub>1</sub> = 750NPK+375Polysulphate+300SOP

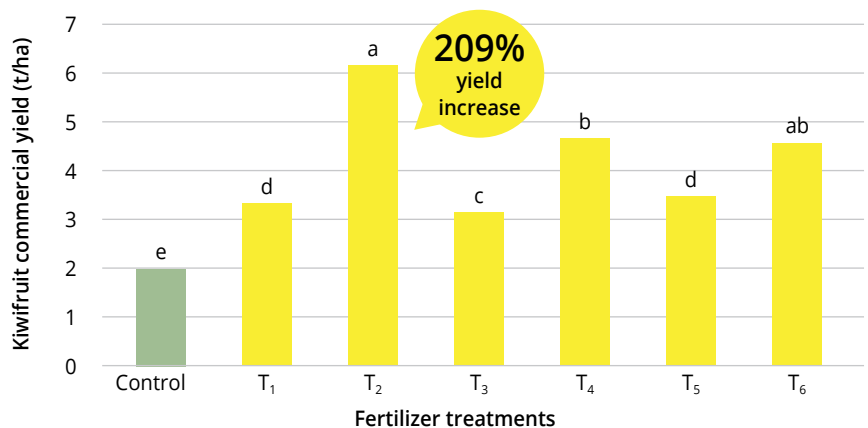
T<sub>2</sub> = 750NPK+375Polysulphate+300MegaPoly

T<sub>3</sub> = 750NPK+375Polysulphate+600MegaPoly

T<sub>4</sub> = 450NPK+375Polysulphate+300MegaPoly

T<sub>5</sub> = 450NPK+750Polysulphate+300MegaPoly

T<sub>6</sub> = 750NPK+750Polysulphate+300MegaPoly



Different letters indicate significant differences at  $P < 0.05$ .

\* From research funded by the International Potash Institute [www.ipipotash.org](http://www.ipipotash.org).

<sup>1</sup> MegaPoly is a Polysulphate based fertilizer with of 32, 6.7, 24.3, and 8.6% K<sub>2</sub>O, MgO, SO<sub>3</sub>, and CaO, respectively